

# Virginia Free Press.

A FREE PRESS, THE PALLADIUM OF LIBERTY.

VOL. XXVII.

CHARLESTOWN, JEFFERSON COUNTY, THURSDAY, APRIL 24, 1834.

NO. 9.

PUBLISHED, WEEKLY, BY  
JOHN S. GALLAHER.TWO DOLLARS & FIFTY CTS.  
PER ANNUM.

Payable half yearly; but Two Dollars will be received as payment in full, if paid entirely in advance. Whenever payment is deferred beyond the expiration of the year, interest will be charged.

Subscriptions for six months, \$1 25, to be paid invariably in advance.

ADVERTISING: The terms of advertising, are: For a square or less, \$1; for three insertions—larger ones in the same proportion. Each continuance, 95 cents per square.

All advertisements not ordered for a specific time, will be continued until forbid, and charged accordingly.

Dr. Francis A. McNeill

HAVING retired from the drug and medicine business, has the pleasure of most respectfully tendering his services to the citizens of Shepherdstown and its vicinity, in the practice of Medicine in all its various branches. He may be found at all times, except when professionally engaged, in his office in the basement story of his property opposite Daniel Enter's tavern.

Shepherdstown, March 20, 1834.—S.

REMOVAL.

THE undersigned having moved to the house lately occupied by Mr. John Reed, opposite Mr. Woods', respectfully inform the Ladies of Charles Town and the neighborhood, that she will continue to serve them as a Miller and Mantua-Maker. She solicits their custom, and will endeavor to please all who may think proper to patronize her.

E. KIRCHEVEL,  
Charleston, April 10, 1834.

G. F. McWilliams

RESPECTFULLY informs his patrons and friends, that his SCHOOL is removed to the house lately occupied by Mrs. Craig-Whitfield, where he hopes, by strict attention to those committed to his charge, to merit a continuance of the patronage which has been so kindly bestowed upon him.

A Boarding Pupil can be accommodated in liberal terms, who would be entitled to his attention and subject to his supervision at all times.

April 10, 1834.

SPRING AND SUMMER FASHIONS.

Francis S. Bogue—Tailor,  
RESPECTFULLY informs his friends and the public, that he has just received from Philadelphia the

Paris and London Fashions for the present, and approaching season, as received per the late arrivals from Europe, together with those most approved in New York, Philadelphia and Baltimore.

F. Bogue takes this opportunity of tendering his grateful acknowledgments for past favors. He still continues at his old stand, opposite Humphrey Keyes' Store, where he shall be happy to receive orders in his line, which requires him to be exact in his strict fidelity, whilst he flatters himself that patronage hitherto so liberally bestowed,

John M. COYLE.

34.

Die Tankery, &amp;c.

HARPS-FERRY.

valuable and eligible real property to the estate of Town-

Excellent Oil Mill,  
COMMODIOUS  
LIVING HOUSES,  
garden of one of them highly  
with several out-buildings.description of said property is  
as follows: the purchaser will  
be entitled to the various unpa-risoning from its proximity to the  
market, the water power, &c.  
and for a person or company  
to be found in the coun-

being unassisted to the occupa-

ment of a widow and young  
and disposed of on very reasonable  
terms.particulars, apply either to John  
Harrison, or to Andrew Hunt-

own, Va.

WATER SALE.

ther will sell, at private sale,  
upon which Jacob Benney  
dwelling on the waters of the  
and adjoining the lands of  
George Reynolds and  
about7 1/2 Acres,  
of which is fine thriving  
improvement are a com-  
welling, a large Barn, &c., with  
a room convenient to the house,  
an elegant Apple Or-  
chard fruit trees. There is like-  
wise a river bank a quarry of lime-  
stone which is superior to any  
neighborhood. Persons wishing  
to apply to Wm. C. Brissell  
at Woodstock, or the subscriber in  
Md.HENRY BEDINGER,  
Attorney at Law,  
HARPERS-FERRY, VA.  
Feb. 13, 1834.—S.J. H. KITZ MILLER,  
ATTORNEY AT LAW.WILL, practice in the Superior and In-  
ferior Courts of Loudoun and Jefferson.  
The transaction of all business committed to his management will be characterized by the strictest attention and punctuality.  
His office is on Market-st., Lanesburg.  
April 18, 1834.—S.

WANTED.

I AM authorized to purchase Corpora-  
tions of Georgetown and Washington,  
at the store of Wm. Cleveland & Co.

JAMES V. HARRIS.

Charlestown, April 3, 1834.

ON THE DEATH OF WILLIAM WHITFIELD.

House not the martial trumpet's mournful sound;  
For him whose mighty voice in death is dumb,  
Who, in the zenith of his high renown,  
To the grave went down!

Invoke no canon's breath

To swell the requiem o'er his ashes poured;

Silently bear us to the house of death;

Teaching hearts by whom he was adored.

He won not with the sword!

Nor let affection's tear

Be the sole tribute to his memory paid;

Earth has no monument so truly dear

To souls like his in purity arrayed—

Never to fade!

I loved thee, patriot chief!

I called thee worth the banner pure;

Mine is the boast of won—the heart of grief,

What suffer on, unfeeling of a cure,—

Proud to endure,

But vain the voice of wail,

For the dead from earth no more to serve feels;

Earth has no soul whose mate shall suit her

To the gloom that shrouds my narrow bed.

Or who lies there from the dead?

Then take thy long repose,

Beneath the shelter of the deep green sod;

Death but a brighter halo o'er thee throw;

Thy fame, thy soul, alike have spurned the cold.

Rest thee in God!

11—2

MAJOR DOWNING.

To my old friend Mr. Daugherty, the New York Daily Advertiser.

SENATE CHAMBER, WASHINGTON, April 18, 1834.

I suppose you'll be pretty considerable

up when you come to see where I now am, and so I'll just tell you as short and as plain as possible, how it comes about.

Ever since I wrote you that last day about the Hakoan Story the General told me, and the Old Hen story I told him, the folks about the General haunt git me no time to eat sleep, and I have had night upon the hull Government to beat off; but as long as I had the General on my side, I didn't care nothing about it. But to-day the General began to shake in the bone a little, and this was about the cause on't. He and me was bitten talin over matters alone, and finin red hot shot out of the hull Government to beat off; but as long as I had the General on my side, I didn't care nothing about it. But to-day the General began to shake in the bone a little, and this was about the cause on't. He and me was bitten talin over matters alone, and finin red hot shot out of the hull Government to beat off; but as long as I had the General on my side, I didn't care nothing about it. But to-day the General began to shake in the bone a little, and this was about the cause on't. 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*Devoted to Politics, Foreign and Domestic Intelligence, Literature, Science, Agriculture, the Mechanic Arts, Internal Improvement, and General Miscellany.*

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CHARLESTOWN.

THURSDAY, APRIL 24, 1834.

### JEFFERSON ELECTION.

County	Chadwick	Shepherd	Harrison	Park	Shenandoah	Total
Henry Berry	113	105	35	22	291	591
John S. Calisher	116	97	33	24	282	420
Scattering						40
Restoration	105	103	39	57	275	521
Ag't H. Jackson	7	1	6	10	21	39

Not more than 340 votes taken. The county poll 830.

It is but fair to state, that the bulk of the Jackson party did not vote; though we noticed that more than 20 of those who voted for a *restoration* of the *deposites*, had been warm and influential Jackson men. They go for principles—not men.

The Editor of the Free Press was not the writer of the article in the last paper, signed "A Voter," and he who propagated and circulated the story—*and it is a baseless letter, if he did not*. Several gentlemen were prepared to place their names to an article embodying the rumours of the day and "A Voter," in warning his fellow citizens of the prevalent reports, only availed himself of a common privilege and a common right. He was ready, at any moment, to assume the "responsibility."

For the information of those who cannot discriminate between *editorial* and *communicated* paragraphs, it may be well enough to say, that the former will generally be found in *open* lines under the Free Press head. When the Editor has *anything* to say, in which he is himself instant, he places it where intelligent mind can mistake it. But malice and envy always engender their own nourishment.

Our Jackson friend, who early advised us of the imputation, has our thanks for his frankness.

The proceedings of Congress, in our columns this week, embrace topics of more than ordinary interest.

### THE PRESIDENT'S PROTEST.

Some notes of this extraordinary paper is given in another place. "The document itself occupies about eight columns. It is well written, and sets up some of the most sanguine assumptions ever heard of in this government. The conclusion is an appeal to the sympathies of the people, and is in the usual smooth and cating style of the fourth Auditor. It received the indignant denunciation of many Senators, and we think it very probable it will not be received by that body."

The President has sent in an explanatory message. This trouble comes of having a President who does not understand his own views, and whose "clerk" always slips in a paragraph or two susceptible of "misconstruction." "It is well enough that he disavows some of the notions in his protest." They were rather rank, even for the most devoted.

We will publish the President's "Protest" in our next, and will follow it up by some extract from the speeches drawn forth by it. Some of them are very pointed and piquant.

The President claims the right to the custody of all the "public property," whether "money or munitions of war." We hope the Senate will continue to check his "emotional propensities."

### THE BANKS.

While Banks elsewhere are tottering and failing, amidst the general alarm, ours stand like a rock.

There is no instance in the history of man, nor money, so vast as the instances of penury and poverty, some instance for stage and railroad fare; but the panic is over, and all is nearly right again, in that respect.

It ought to be remembered, that the Valley Bank is based upon substantial elements. It is backed by the holders of our prime land, and is beyond the possibility of bankruptcy. The discreet manner in which its affairs have been conducted, entitles it to the fullest confidence; and no citizen, who has time for reflection, ought to draw a sliver of its specie. On the contrary, it ought to be a pleasure to aid it by a deposit of every hard dollar in the country which can be spared from circulation.

There is one plan by which we can place ourselves beyond the reach of the Baltimore shavers, and those who decimate our paper. Our farmers and merchants should decline dealing with them altogether, until they place our money at par. We can either be supplied in Alexandria, or we can do without trade as long as they can.

The Presidents and Directors of the Bank of Potomac and Farmers' Bank of Alexandria, have published notices pledging their individual estates as security for the solvency of the institutions under their management.

The Editors of the National Intelligencer give notice that they will take note of the Corporation of Washington, of the Bank of Washington, and of the Patriotic Bank of Washington, in payment for Advertisements and Subscriptions due that office.

It is mentioned, in a late speech of Mr. Clay, that the Government loses \$30,000 by the failure of the Bank of Alexandria. But what of that? Have we not "Glory?"

### CELEBRATIONS.

The State Rights party of Philadelphia had a celebration on the 13th, (Mr. Jefferson's birthday,) which Mr. Preston, Mr. McDuffie, and Mr. Poindexter, attended, as invited guests. Gen. Duff Green also attended, by invitation. These gentlemen severally addressed the company in animated and eloquent strain:

The Jackson party also celebrated the day, and Mr. Forsyth and Mr. Bushnell were among the invited guests.

On Wednesday, the citizens of Philadelphia had a meeting in felicitations of the success of the "Whigs" in New York at the late election. Messrs. Preston, McDuffie, and Green, attended,

and addressed the meeting. A general festival was to have been held at Powellton on Saturday. Mr. Preston partook of a dinner tendered him on Friday by the Young Men of Philadelphia.

The "Whigs" of New York celebrated their triumph, on the 15th, at Castle Garden. It is stated that 30,000 people partook of the refreshments. On their way from the Garden, the company fell in with Mr. Webster, who had declined attending, and gave him several enthusiastic cheers. He addressed them three several times, as different parts of the procession reached him.

TRAVELLING FACILITIES.

In addition to the mail stages between Winchester and Harper's Ferry, it will be seen the Messrs. Hincklehouse & Co. have put on the route another line, to run on Mondays, Tuesdays, Thursdays, and Saturdays. Travellers now go from Baltimore to Winchester in three days. Efforts are also making to procure a daily mail from the Point of Rocks.

Messrs. McKinstry & Co. keep up their daily lines of stages with great spirit. We have now twenty-eight arrival and departure each week.

We should like to see the stages better fitted; but we have no doubt, when the public become fully acquainted with the facilities of the route, enterprise so commendable will be duly rewarded.

### CANAL BOAT.

It will be seen, that Messrs. Wager & Thompson have a Packet Boat on the Canal, plying from Harper's Ferry to the Point of Rocks, and back. It is a swift boat, and is in connection with the Rail Road cars at the Point. We learn that its trips are generally made in less than two hours.

### FIRES IN THE MOUNTAIN.

A fire has been raging with great violence on the Mountain, about four miles south-east of this place, for a week past. It commenced on Thursday afternoon, and has been very destructive to the timber. Its ravages must have extended over three or four miles.

The story on our first page, about the escape of a lion and tigress, is a story. It was in print, however, before we learnt its character.

Bank of Virginia.—The Richmond Enquirer of Tuesday week says—"The Bank of Virginia has just received \$100,000 from New Orleans."

U. S. Bank.—We learn with pleasure that the Bank of the United States have, with great liberality, begun to distribute their late importations of specie by sending to our branch 100,000 dollars; and we have no doubt the same liberal course will be pursued as to their further importations, shewing that this much injured and vilified institution is disposed to return good for evil.—[Balt. Chron.

The difficulties between Alabama and the General Government are finally closed. A letter from the Secretary of War to the Governor of Alabama, dated the 12th of March, gives him official notice that the additional troops ordered into Alabama have been withdrawn, and that only the ordinary garrison at Fort Mitchell will remain in the Creek Country. The letter also expresses the pleasure of the President at a recent Act of the Legislature of Alabama, and states that he will be much gratified, if the enforcement of the stipulations of the Creek treaty shall render it unnecessary for him to resort to the provisions of the act of 1807, which he has not the slightest wish to do, unless required by the obligations assumed by the United States in that treaty.—[Balt. Chron.

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There is one plan by which we can place ourselves beyond the reach of the Baltimore shavers, and those who decimate our paper. Our farmers and merchants should decline dealing with them altogether, until they place our money at par. We can either be supplied in Alexandria, or we can do without trade as long as they can.

The Presidents and Directors of the Bank of Potomac and Farmers' Bank of Alexandria, have published notices pledging their individual estates as security for the solvency of the institutions under their management.

The Editors of the National Intelligencer give notice that they will take note of the Corporation of Washington, of the Bank of Washington, and of the Patriotic Bank of Washington, in payment for Advertisements and Subscriptions due that office.

It is mentioned, in a late speech of Mr. Clay, that the Government loses \$30,000 by the failure of the Bank of Alexandria. But what of that? Have we not "Glory?"

### CELEBRATIONS.

The State Rights party of Philadelphia had a celebration on the 13th, (Mr. Jefferson's birthday,) which Mr. Preston, Mr. McDuffie, and Mr. Poindexter, attended, as invited guests. Gen. Duff Green also attended, by invitation. These gentlemen severally addressed the company in animated and eloquent strain:

The Jackson party also celebrated the day, and Mr. Forsyth and Mr. Bushnell were among the invited guests.

On Wednesday, the citizens of Philadelphia had a meeting in felicitations of the success of the "Whigs" in New York at the late election. Messrs. Preston, McDuffie, and Green, attended,

### VIRGINIA ELECTIONS.

#### LOUDOUN.

Senate—W. M. McCarty 200.

House of Delegates—Janney 104, Beard 65,

J. M. McCarty 680, Harrison 522, Luckett

324, Updegraff 40. The first three elected.

CAMPBELL.

James Saunders (opposition) 566, Jesse

Burton, op. 555, Odie G. Clay (Jackson) 473,

Wm. Daniel, Jr. (Jackson) 468.

LUNENBURG.

We learn verily that Dr. H. May has been

re-elected by a majority of 100 votes over

Mr. Ragdale, Administration. Dr. M. voted

for the resolutions, (excepting the third,) and

for Mr. Leigh. (Petersburg Int.

R. Hard, op. elected by a majority of 59

over the highest Jacksonian.

PETERSBURG.

J. T. Brown re-elected without opposition.

He voted for all the resolutions (depositor) and

for Mr. Leigh. He is opposed to Van Buren

for the presidency, and in favor of some can-

didate of State Rights principles and Southern

sympathies.

N.W. KENT & CHARLES CITY—J. Del.

Robert Christian, op. 186, J. E. Roane, op.

151, James Saunders, Jackson, 43. Saunders

withdrew on the third day of the New Kent

election, and used all his influence in favor

of Roane.

ROANOKE CITY.

Joseph Palmer, Jackson, 131, Dr. Emanuel

op. 62. Lancaster yet to vote.

PRINCESS ANN.

Senate—No opposition to Mr. Maxwell, op.

H. D.—No opposition to Col. Wood

house, op. The county of Princess Anne

within a little of unanimous against the Ad-

ministration.

STAFFORD.

John Monroe, Jackson, 244, J. R. Fitz-

hugh, op. 223.

PRINCE WILLIAM.

Mr. Hoce, op. defeated by Mr. Williams,

Buren and Anti-Rives.

BATTLING.

Mayes, op. re-elected.

POCAHONTAS.

Senate—Drake 119, Bradshaw 88. Mr.

Anderson, of Botetourt, not then a candidate.

H. D.—Mr. Cockey, elected.

FRANKLIN.

We learn, verbally, from this county, that

John M. Holland, Jackson, is elected by a ma-

jority of 13— and that for the second De-

legate; there is a tie between Messrs. Hale, the

late member, and John Wade, both op.—the

latter of whom, it is thought, will be returned by the High Sheriff. The election of Mr.

Holland is attributable to the fact that he was

one of the only five candidates friendly to the

Administration. The polls were

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authorized by the Constitution, and, in its consequences, to whom, which ought to assist in the Department of the State, to interfere with the discharge of its duties; to determine opinion; and finally, to decide, by subjecting its acts to the determination and chief Magistrate.

at the communication of a character, with the declaration, it is a plain, an unconstitutional rights and privilege, and that it cannot be readily, without a surrender of confidence to it by the Constitution to secure the liberty, and safety of these States; and others are bound to maintain the obligations of an oath.

That the paper be not

of a portion of the original Mr. Burr, on the subject of the public money by the Executive to show what were the standards been explained away by any message.

addressed the Senate at length, of the motion by Mr. Poiner.

obtained the floor, but gave

way to Mr. Wm. H. Seward to proceed to the consideration business; which was negatived.

then moved to amend the bill to introduce into the body of the President's message, an amendment of his motion.

led to a discussion which came on, and in which the motion was suspended—yeas 127, nays 16.

The House agreed to suspend the rules, and the motion was received.

The resolution was adopted—aye 183, nays 2.

Mr. Wise and Mr. Payton made ineffectual motions to introduce their resolutions offered yesterday, but the House refused to suspend the rules.

MAYDAY, APRIL 21.

This was Petition Day.

The first question which came up was on the motion of Mr. Evans of Maine, that the memorial presented by him on last Monday be referred to the Committee of Ways and Means; with instructions, "to report two resolutions—one declaring that the reasons of the Secretary of the Treasury for the removal of the public money from the Bank of the United States are insufficient and unsatisfactory—and the other declaring that a Bank, created by authority of Congress, is necessary, expedient, and ought to be established."

The consideration of this motion was, at the time, laid over until this day: and Mr. Evans now took the floor in support of his motion, and addressed the House until about two o'clock, in a speech, in which he took a general view of the Bank question.

Mr. Wise now offered the resolutions he had before twice offered to present the subject of the Right of the Treasury to the custody of the public money, and which he now moved as an amendment to the resolutions contained in the instruction moved by Mr. Van.

The Chair, deciding that Mr. Wise could not offer them as an amendment, because they were on a different subject.

Mr. Wise stated that Mr. Evans was willing to adopt them as a modification of his own proposal.

The Resolutions being thus before the House—

Mr. Wise went into a very earnest and animated course of remark, upon the matter of the resolutions, and his reasons for offering them, in which he referred to his uniform and ardent attachment to the President, and the regret he felt in finding himself compelled, by his convictions of his duty, to offer resolutions of this tenor.

Mr. Wise, however, by way of amendment, had twice proposed to offer last week, ensuring the course of the Senate, and the probability of its adoption.

Mr. Payton accompanied his motion with

some observations, and moved to lay it on the table.

Mr. T. C. Tuckerman moved to lay the whole on the table.

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Mr. Gilpin demanded the yeas and nays.

They were taken, on the motion to lay on the table, and stood as follows—yeas 107, nays 81. As the memorial and proposed resolutions were ordered to lie upon the table, when the House adjourned.

Mr. Clay, Mr. Webster, Mr. Preston, Mr. Bell, and Mr. Forsyth, noticed last week as being absent, were yesterday in their places in the Senate. [W.M. J. April 22.]

**GENERAL INTELLIGENCE.**

FROM LIBERIA.

By the arrival at New York of the ship Jupiter, thirty six days from Liberia, letters have been received from Rev. R. Spalding, Secretary of the Methodist Mission in Liberia, communicating tidings of the death of Mrs. Wright, wife of one of the Missions, after an illness of nine days. Also of the death of Mr. Savage, the young gentleman sent out last year by the Presbyterian Church.

Among the passengers in the Jupiter, are two African princes by the names of Charles Vassally and John Graway. The Liberia Herald of the 21st February, notes that a party of twenty men, under the guidance of Dr. Hull, agent of the Maryland Colonization Society, had left that place, for the purpose of forming a new settlement at Cape Palmas. Two extensive buildings were erected for the reception of new emigrants, and it was proposed to erect a light on Cape Mesurado, for the benefit of their rising commerce.

The foundation of a new Presbyterian church had been laid, and we perceive other evidences of apparent comfort and prosperity. [Phil. S. E. Post.]

Wise renewed his motion to suspend the House, in order to offer the yeas and nays. They were stood—aye 103, nays 93.

His delegation voted as follows:

Archer, Beale, Bouldin, Cle-

son, Thompson, Gordon, Mason, Mc-

Clure, Moore, Patton, Taylor, Wil-

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not having voted in the affirmative, were not suspended.

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tion, to enable him to offer

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That the President of the United

and late Executive proceedings in the Publick Revenue, has not given himself authority and power

not conferred by the Constitution and Laws," but that he has acted in conformity to both.

*Resolved.* That the Senate of the United States, in a late resolution passed by that body, in the winter following, will: "Resolved,

"That the President, in the late Executive proceedings in relation to the public revenue, has assumed upon himself authority and power not conferred by the Constitution and laws, but in derogation of both," have by that resolution, not with a view to legislative action, but as a means upon the President, infringed upon the rightful and legitimate powers and prerogatives of the House of Representatives.

*Resolved.* That Congress have the power by law, to select the places for depositing the public money and providing for its safe keeping.

The resolutions, having been read, a very strong sensation was evinced by a large portion of the House, when

Mr. Peyton withdrew them, but gave notice, that he should continue to offer them whenever those of Mr. Wise were offered.

The House then adjourned at 3 o'clock.

Charleston, April 21.

Mr. Clayton failed to offer a resolution, objection being made, he moved for the suspension of the rules, to allow him to move it, and demanded the yeas and nays on that motion.

The resolution was then read as follows:

*Resolved.* That a special committee be appointed for the purpose of examining the expediency of equalizing and reducing the salaries of officers, and all other expenses of Government, in every department thereof, where the same can be constitutionally done, and also to abolish such offices as may be deemed unnecessary, and that they have power to report by bill or otherwise.

The yeas and nays being taken, stood as follows—yeas 127, nays 16.

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*Bank of the Valley in Virginia,* April 10, 1834.

## NOTICE.

By an act of the General Assembly of Virginia, passed the 12th day of March, 1824, this bank is authorized to establish an Office of Discount and Deposite at Harper's Ferry, in the county of Jefferson, with a capital of \$200,000, to be raised by subscription, in shares of \$100 each, on the terms and regulations hitherto prescribed by law for the subscription of the stock of said bank; and not otherwise provided for in said act: the new stock to pay a bonus of \$3,332. The act is to commence and be in force from and after the time when its provisions shall have been approved by the stockholders of the said bank, at a general meeting to be convened therefor, or on or before the first Monday in May next, and such approval shall have been made and certified to the executive of this commonwealth.

The stockholders are hereby notified, that the meeting required by the said act will be held at the banking house in Winchester, on Saturday the 3d day of May next, at which meeting the stockholders can vote by proxy unless such proxy shall be appointed after the passage of the act.

H. M. BRENT, Cashier.  
Winchester, April 17, 1834.

*Some of our readers, desirous to have their names registered, will be pleased to do so.*

Know all men by these presents, that I hereby appoint

to substitute and proxy, to represent at a meeting of the stockholders of the Bank of the Valley in Virginia, to be held at the banking house in Winchester, on Saturday the 3d day of May next, and for and in my name, and behalf, to vote on all and every question, matter and thing which shall be brought before said meeting.

In witness whereof, I have hereunto set hand and seal this day of 1834.

Covington, etc.,  
I, a justice of the peace of the said county, do hereby certify that the execution of the above power was acknowledged by the grantor before me. Witness my hand this day of 1834.

*New Spring Goods.*  
I AM now receiving and opening a handsome assortment of new and substantial SPRING GOODS, which I am determined to sell cheap.

GEORGE HUMPHREYS,  
*Crown Center from the Bank,* Charlestown, April 17, 1834.

*New Spring Goods.*

The subscribers have just received a handsome and general assortm-

ENT SPRING GOODS,

which have been carefully selected, and will be sold unusually low in consequence of the recent fall in Goods. Their friends and the public are respectfully invited to call and examine for themselves.

MILLER & WHITE.

Walper's & Roads, Jeff. county, April 17, 1834.

*Fresh Spring Goods.*

I HAVE received, and am now opening, a good supply of Fresh

SPRING GOODS,

which I will sell cheap.

DAVID HUMPHREYS.

Charlestown, April 17, 1834.

*NEW GOODS.*

WE are receiving a neat assortment of Spring GOODS, to which we invite the attention of our customers and the public generally. Grateful for past favors, and anxious to please, we hope for a continuance.

WM. CLEVELAND & CO.

Charlestown, April 17, 1834.

"Go ahead!"

*GOODS.*

which they can assure' purchasers, will be sold to suit the present pressing times.

Charlestown, April 17, 1834.

*Broken Banks.*

WE have made arrangements by which we will give GOODS for the notes of the Farmers' and Mechanics' Bank of Georgetown, Patriotic Bank of Washington, Bank of Washington, Bank of Alexandria, and Bank of Maryland, in their fair value.

WM. CLEVELAND & CO.

April 17, 1834.

*SPRING GOODS!*

THE subscribers have just received, and are now opening, a new and handsome assortment of staple and fancy

GOODS,

Suitable for the present season, to which they respectfully solicit the attention of the public generally.

JOHN N. LANE & WEBB.

Shepherdstown, April 17, 1834.

*NEW GOODS.*

THE subscriber has just received a fresh supply of Seasonable GOODS, which, in addition to his stock on hand, makes his assortment good—all of which is offered at prices to suit the times. My friends and customers are invited to call and supply their wants.

JONATHAN T. COOK.

Shepherdstown, March 27, 1834.—4.

*GOODS.*—The subscriber is in want of MONEY—he therefore requests all who are owing him, to render all the assistance that the times will allow, and thereby confer a special favour in these times of much need.

J. T. C.

*REMOVAL.*

THE subscriber having removed his Store from Shenandoah Street to Potowmack Street, Harper's Ferry, to the Store-house lately occupied by Mr. Wolf & Duncan, soon less earnestly and respectfully invite his friends and customers and the public in general, to continue their favour and support. He also takes this method of returning his grateful thanks for the liberal and friendly patronage he has received, and hopes to continue to give general satisfaction. His present arrangement is a large and good one, which he is disposed to sell at the most reduced price.

THOMAS HUGHES.

April 10, 1834.—4.

*Clover Seed.*

Raised in Jefferson county, for sale by H. KEYES.

March 27, 1834.

## FOR SALE.

THE subscriber being desirous to remove to the West, offers for sale the following several Tracts of

*Land, and Houses and Lots.*

In the town of Smithfield, to wit: One tract of Land lying in Jefferson County, Virginia, containing 150 ACRES, bounded, in part, by Opequan Creek. The improvements are a good DWELLING HOUSE, Kitchen and Smoke House, and a large and convenient Barn, a well of never-failing water near the house.

*One other Tract of Land.*

lying in Berkeley county, about three miles from Smithfield, containing two hundred and fifty two acres—about 140 acres of which are cleared, and the balance well covered with timber of various kinds.

*One other House and Lot,*

situated in the town of Shepherdstown, adjoining the first described lot, being a corner lot, is considered the most valuable in said town.

*One other House and Lot,*

situated on the upper street, which has been occupied by the subscriber for many years as a store and dwelling house.

*One other House and Lot,*

situated on the lower street, adjoining the first described lot, being another corner lot.

*And one other Lot, containing about two acres, well set with clover.*

Terms made known, by applying to the subscriber, living in Smithfield.

*His Stock of GOODS,*

now on hand, he offers for sale either by wholesale or retail, at first cost.

OF ALL persons interested will please to make immediate payment.

SEBASTIAN EATY,

April 10, 1834.

*A Valuable Tannery, &c.*

AT HARPERS-FERRY.

*FOR SALE.*

THE very valuable and eligible real property belonging to the estate of Townsend Beckham, dec'd, situated on the upper part of the Island of Virginia, at Harpers-Ferry, is now in the market, at private sale.

The premises consist of a TANNERY-ESTABLISHMENT, with water power to grind bark, a large number of Vats, Shops, Bark houses and every other appurtenance required to carry on the business on the most extensive scale.

*An excellent Oil Mill,*

TWO COMMODIOUS DWELLING-HOUSES,

The yards and gardens of one of them highly improved—together with several out-buildings of different kinds.

A further description of said property is deemed inexpedient, as the purchaser will of course view it for himself. It is confidently believed, however, that the various unusual advantages, arising from its proximity to the two great works of internal improvement, the abundant supply of country hide from the Harpers-Ferry market, the water power, &c. combine to render it the most eligible property of the kind, for a person of good capital, to be found in America.

The property is situated on the most extensive scale.

*PERFORMANCE.*

The return of 1828 Traffic, is out of the celebrated Stag, and several others, good runners; sheep and Duck Rabbit.

Stag, near Smithfield, to wit: One tract of Land lying in Jefferson County, Virginia, containing 150 ACRES, bounded, in part, by Opequan Creek. The improvements are a good DWELLING HOUSE, Kitchen and Smoke House, and a large and convenient Barn, a well of never-failing water near the house.

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## TRAFFIC.

RISING seven years old, full sixties and more, and in point of blood, not surpassed by any horse in the upper country, will stand the present season at the farm of Dr. Samuel Scott, near Smithfield, on Thursday, Friday, and Saturday, at the stable of the subscriber, 3 miles from Charlestown, on the road leading to Charlestown, and be let to mares at \$10 each the single leap—\$12 the season, if paid when the mare is served, or, if not, to be continued by the season; \$20 to insure a mare to be with foal—50 cents each in the gromm in each case. Parting with, or not attending regularly to, the horse, forfeits the insurance. Pasture provided for mares from a distance, but no responsibility for accidents or escapes. The season has commenced, and will end on the 25th of June.

Mares that went to Trade last year, and did not prove with foal, will be insured at the season price. I deem it necessary to state, that of all the mares that went to Trade last year, there were but one or two that missed being with foal, and the most of those were by the single leap.

Knowing that the mares in the Valley will not justify high prices, I stand lower than any horse of his grade, wishing that every gentleman who feels disposed, may take a fine horse.

SEPT. 10, 1834.

## PEDIGREE.

TRAFFIC is the out of the famous Sallow Brown, dam by the celebrated Stag, and several others, good runners; sheep and Duck Rabbit.

Stag, near Smithfield, to wit: One tract of Land lying in Jefferson County, Virginia, containing 150 ACRES, bounded, in part, by Opequan Creek. The improvements are a good DWELLING HOUSE, Kitchen and Smoke House, and a large and convenient Barn, a well of never-failing water near the house.

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